

TRASH CAN LINERS

THE ULTIMATE GUIDE

LOW DENSITY LINERS

These liners offer great stretch and tear resistance and are measured in millimeters.

Recommended for sharp or rough objects, such as:

- Yard Waste
- Glass
- Industrial Waste
- Restaurant Trash

VS

HIGH DENSITY LINERS

These liners offer significant material and cost savings, but tear easily when punctured. High density liners are measured in microns.

Recommended for lighter, non-sharp trash, such as

- Paper
- Bathroom Waste
- Office Waste



Star Sealed Liners



Gusset Sealed Liners



Flat Sealed Liners

	Star Sealed Liners	Gusset Sealed Liners	Flat Sealed Liners
SEALING	Manufactured by folding the bottom of the liner several times then sealing.	Sides of bottom edges folded then tucking in to form gussets. The middle of the liner is then sealed with two layers.	Manufactured by simply sealing the bottom edge.
LEAKAGE	Low probability of leaking.	Gusset sealed liners have a tendency to leak with wet trash.	Low probability of leaking.
SHAPE	Refuse is distributed evenly and conforms to the shape of most trash cans.	Refuse is distributed evenly and conforms to the shape of most trash cans.	Flat Sealed Liners don't conform well to the shape of most trash cans. May be difficult to handle.



DETERMINING THE RIGHT CAN LINER

Will sharp objects or heavy, wet trash be disposed of in these liners?

What size liner do I need?

How much weight will these liners need to hold?

YES: CHOOSE LOW DENSITY CAN LINERS

Low density liners are best for kitchens and yard waste, when trash will be heavy, wet, and/or sharp.

NO: CHOOSE HIGH DENSITY CAN LINERS

High density liners are thinner and more prone to tearing than low density liners, so they are best for offices and bathrooms, where trash is light and soft.

Can liners are measured by their length and width when laid flat. To determine what size liner is needed for your particular trash receptacle:

BAG LENGTH = Height of your can plus 3" overhang

BAG WIDTH = Circumference of your can divided by 2

Square Can Circumference = Sum of all four sides

Round Can Circumference = Diameter multiplied by 3.14

Simply estimate how much weight you place in a can liner during every-day use. Then refer to our liner charts and match the estimated max weight to the density and size calculated from the information above.

VISIT [WINONASERVICES.COM/CAN-LINER-CALCULATOR](https://www.winonaservices.com/can-liner-calculator)
TO FIND THE RIGHT CAN LINER FOR YOUR NEEDS